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UAV methods using for monitoring of cyanobacteria blooms

Użycie metod BSP do monitoringu zakwitów sinicowych

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Cracow, August 26th, 2021



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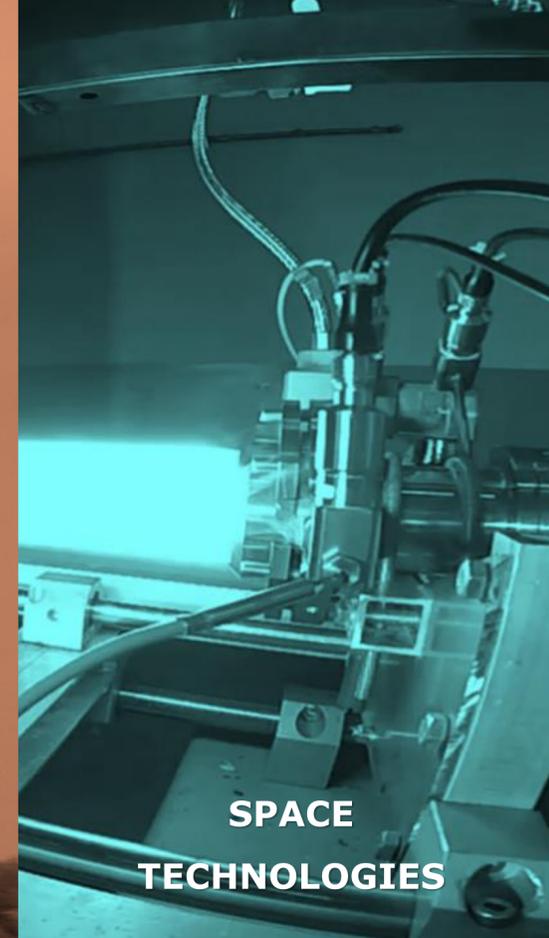
A N N I V E R S A R Y

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RESEARCH FOR INDUSTRY



AVIATION
TECHNOLOGIES



SPACE
TECHNOLOGIES



UNMANNED
TECHNOLOGIES



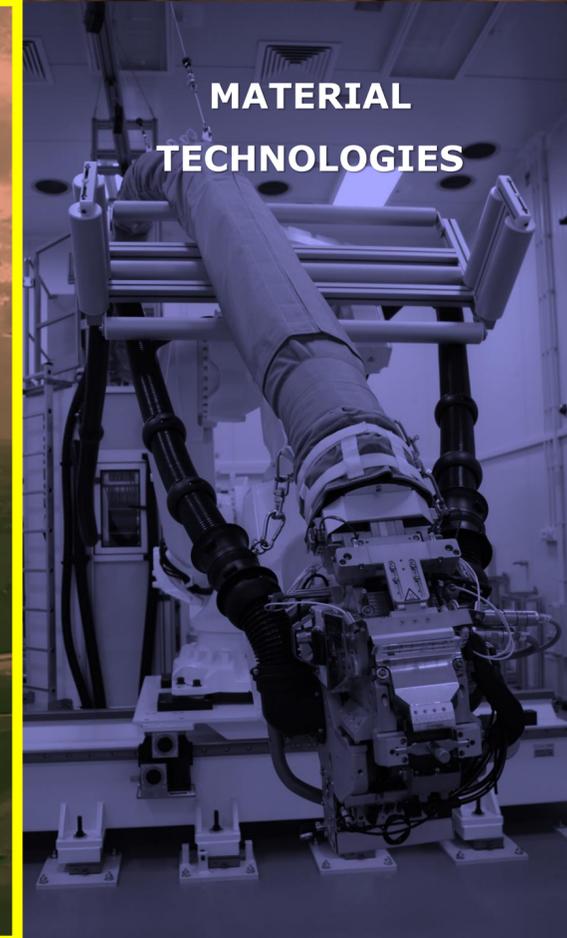
ENERGY
TECHNOLOGIES



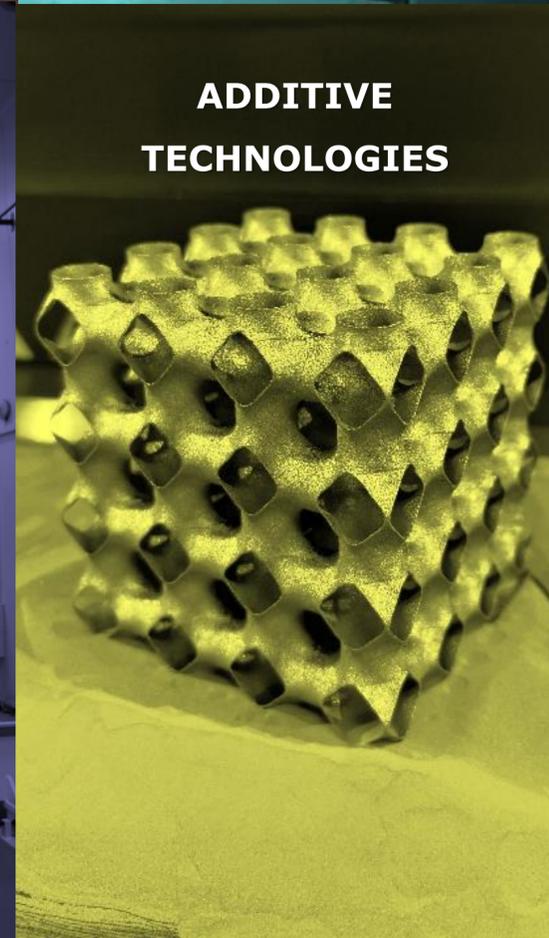
OIL AND GAS
TECHNOLOGIES



REMOTE SENSING
TECHNOLOGIES



MATERIAL
TECHNOLOGIES



ADDITIVE
TECHNOLOGIES



MILITARY
TECHNOLOGIES

**ALGAE –
ECONOMY BASED
ECOLOGICAL SERVICE OF
AQUATIC ECOSYSTEMS**

LIFE17 ENV/LT/000407



Baltic Environment



Actions in the projects

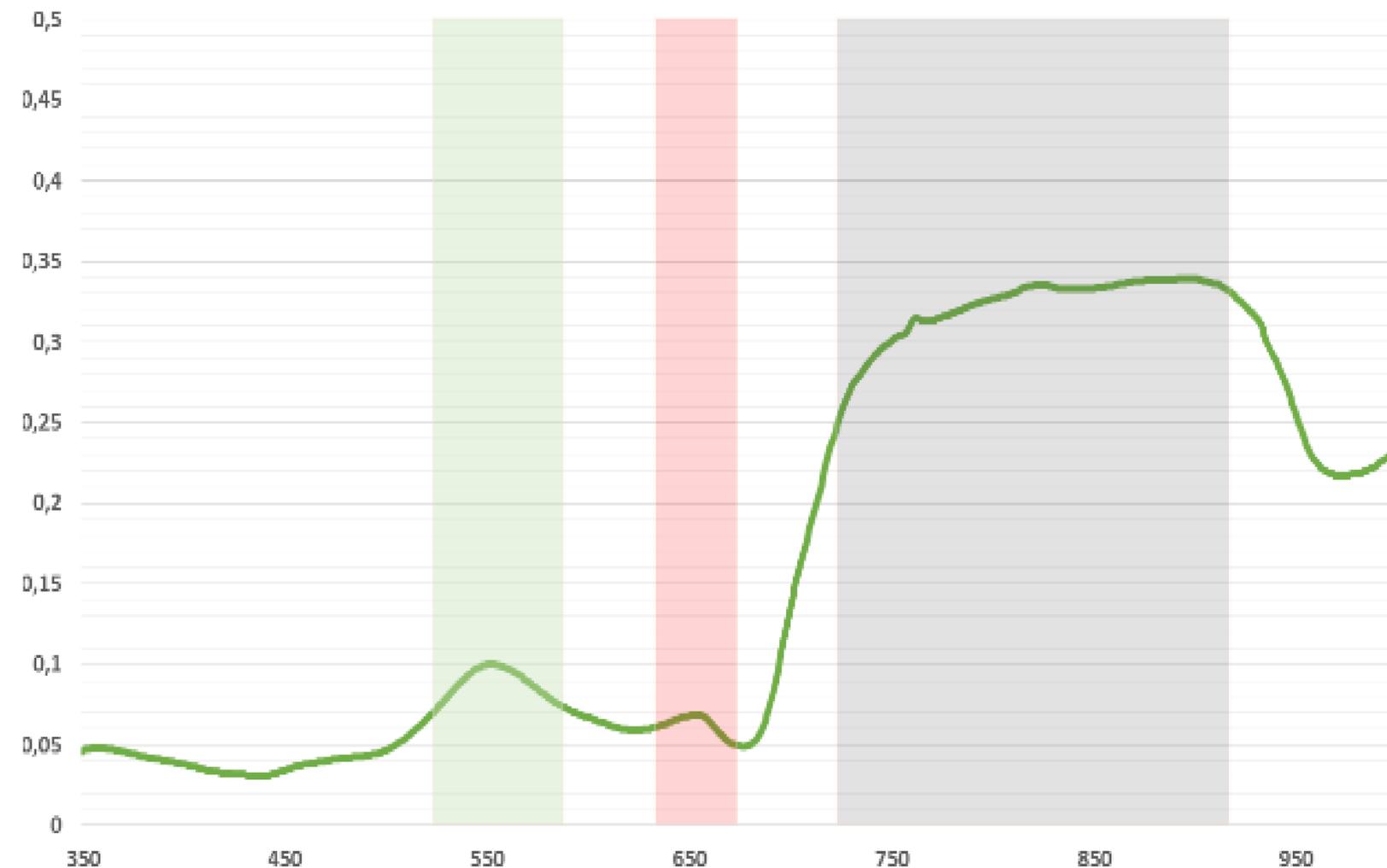
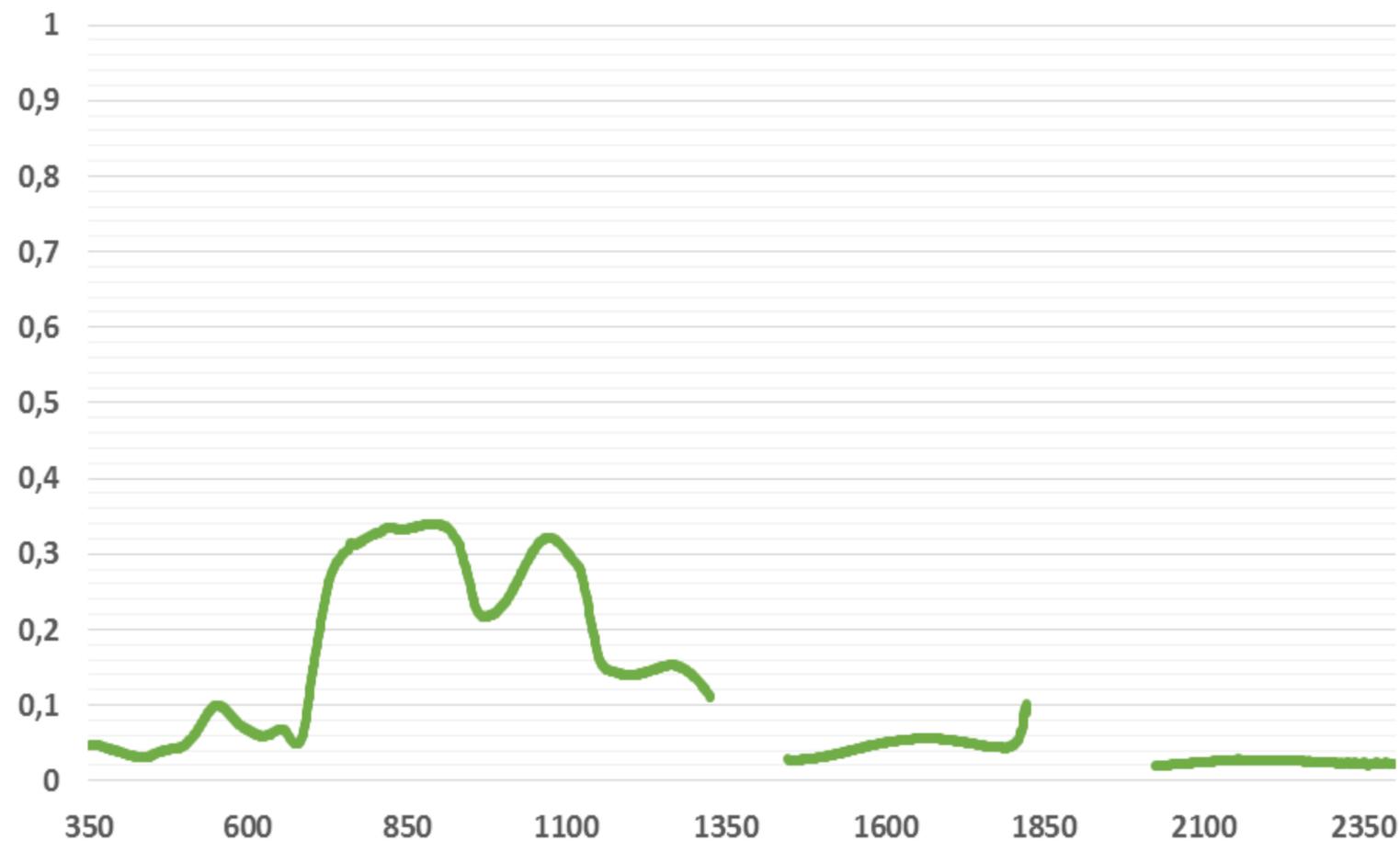
- Cyanobacteria blooms monitoring with the use of UAVs and satellite imagery.
- NDVI analysis and determination of the biomass content of cyanobacteria in water bodies.
- Determination of bloom areas.
- Identification of optimal times for cyanobacteria harvesting.
- Historical multi-temporal analysis using imaging series Sentinel-2.



Spectral measurements



Reflectance measurements



UAV Monitoring



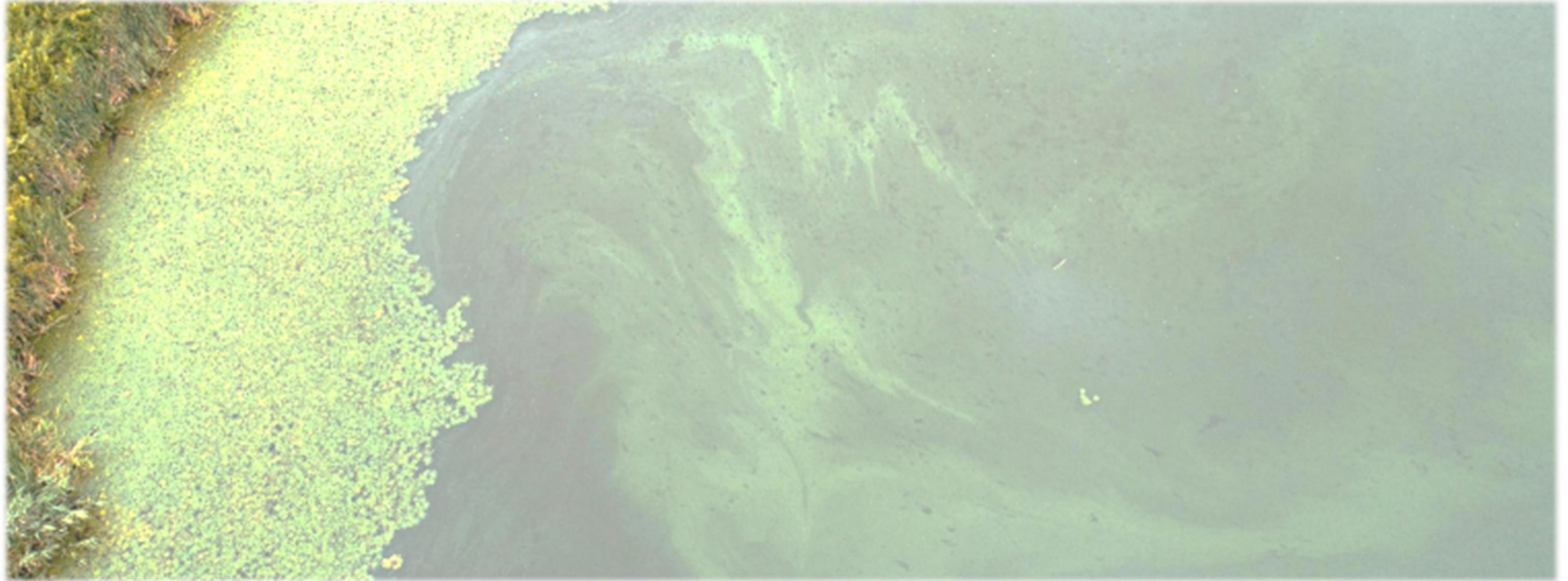
2020 – MR UAV + 5 band multispectral camera + thermal camera



2021 – MR UAV + 10 band multispectral camera

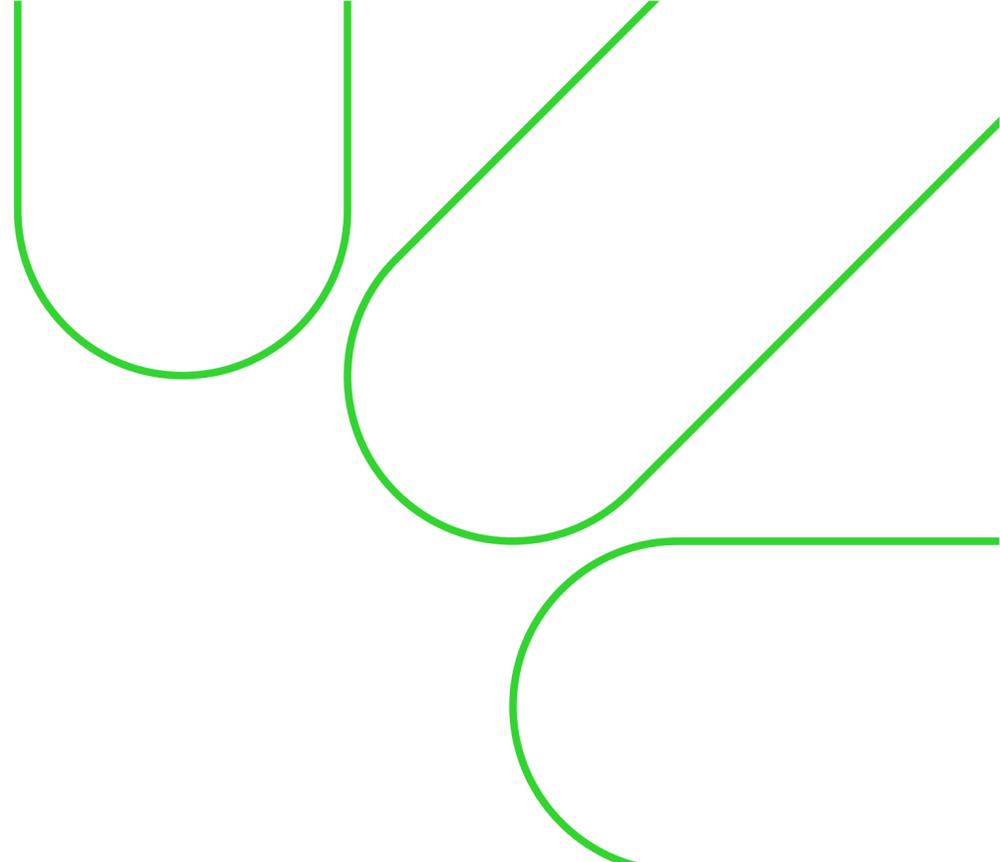
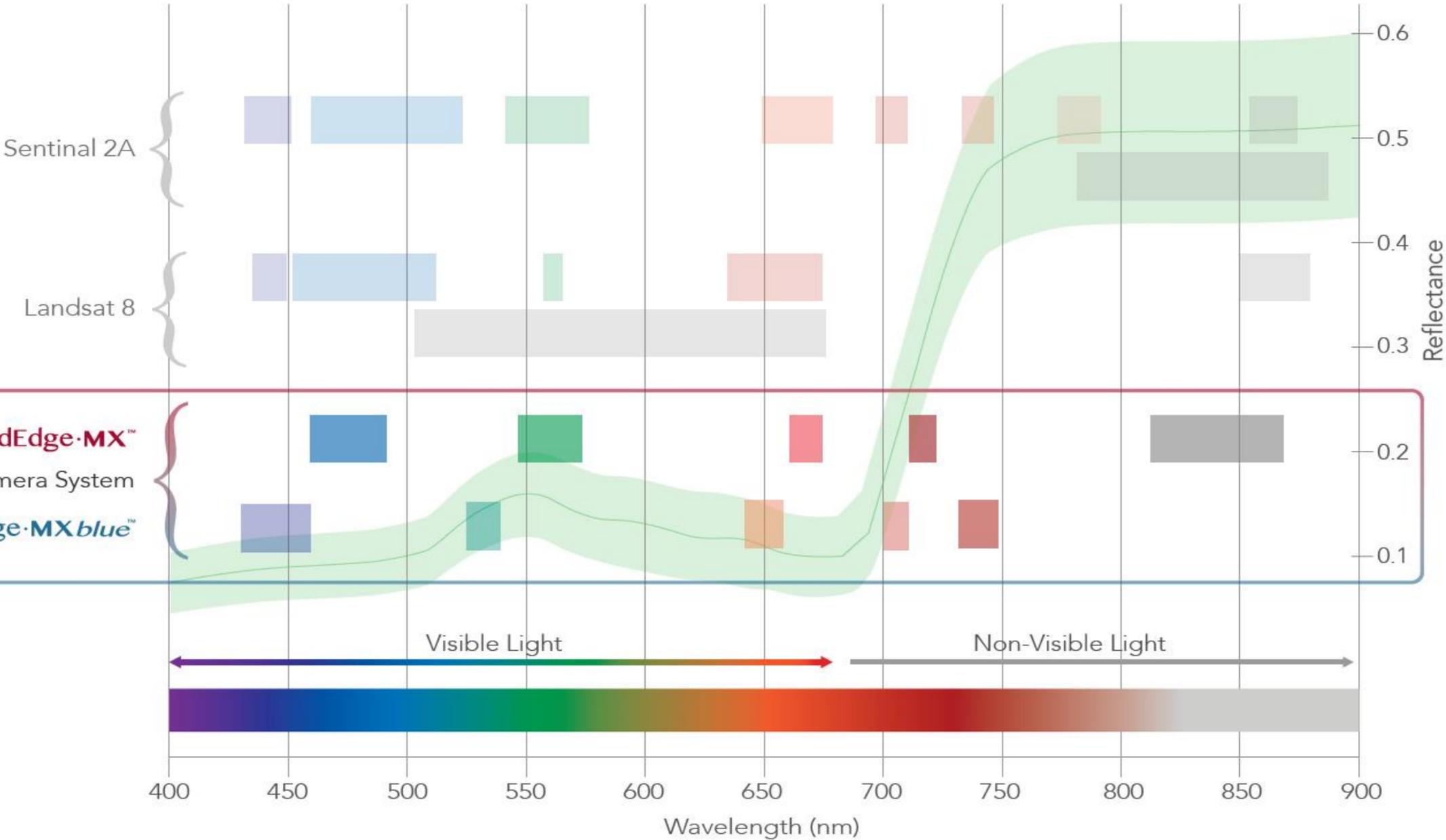


Data example – RGB imagery

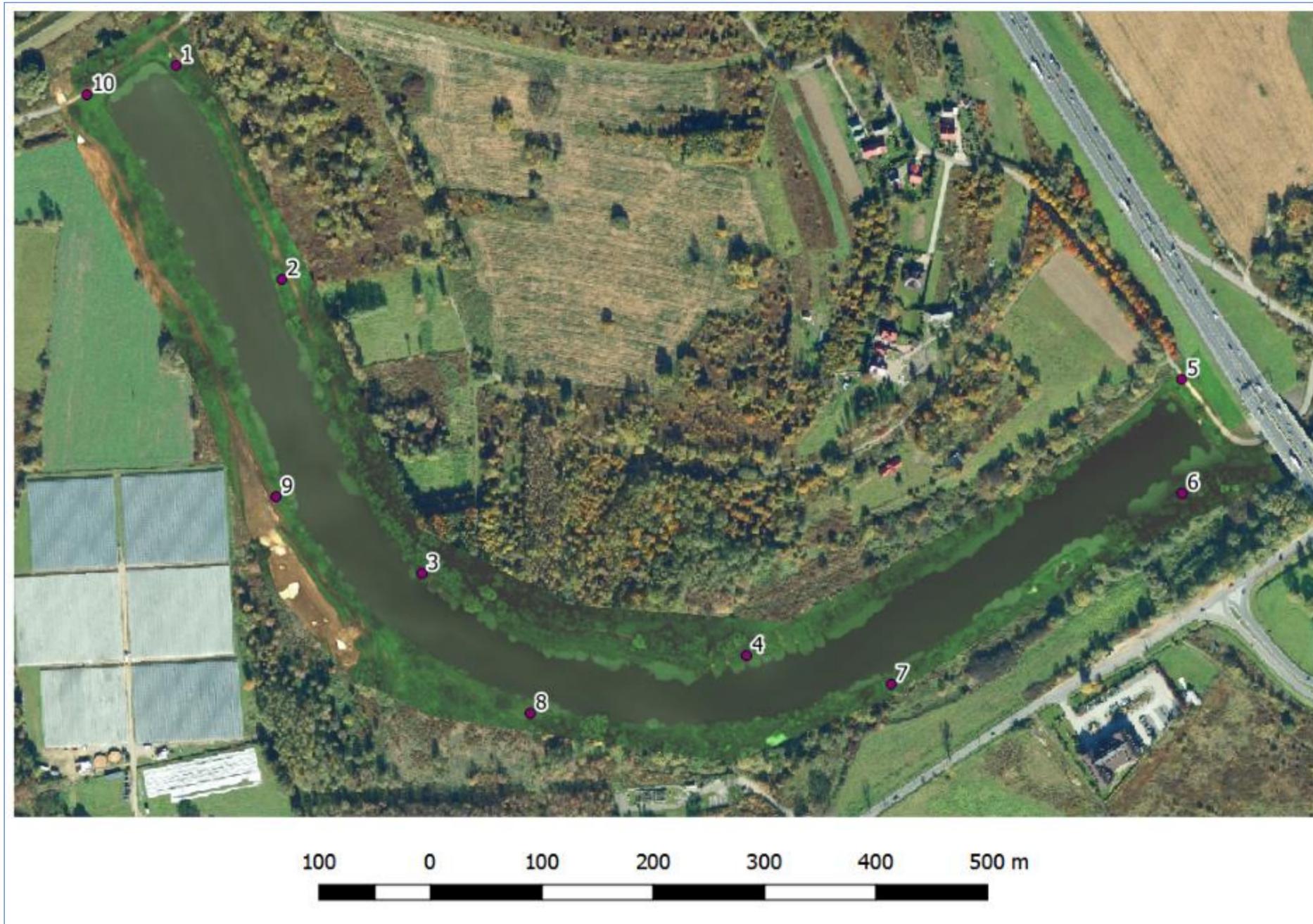


Sensors

RedEdge-MX Dual Camera Imaging System Compared to Satellites



GCPs



Main challenge – mission in Podkamycze – near EPKK airport



Dodano	Typ	Nazwa	Unit (PL)	Status
29-07-2020, 16:23:14	CTR	CTREPKK	PANSA	accepted
29-07-2020, 16:23:14	CTR6KM	CTREPKK6KM	PANSA	accepted

mission max AGL: 120m/394ft
AGL AMSL

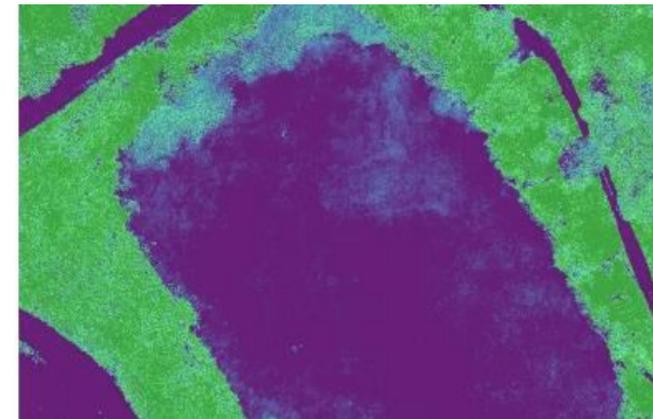
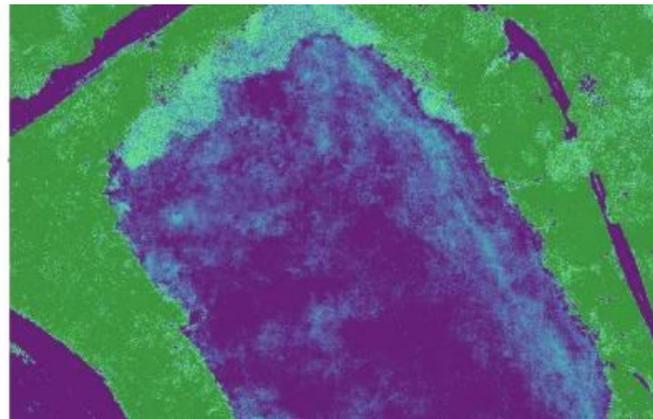
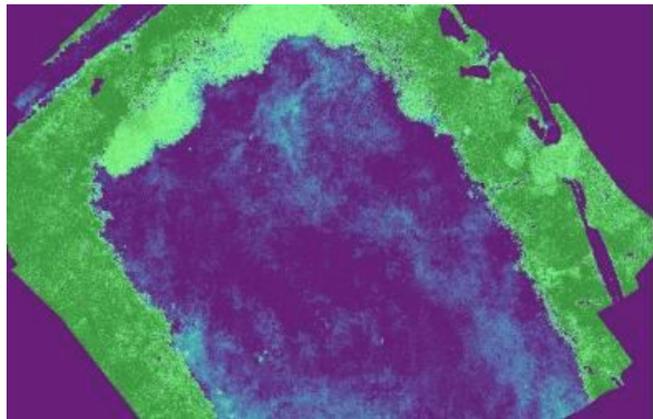
mapbox

Specification of the best time of the day to acquire cyanobacteria – 10 AM, 11 AM, 1 PM

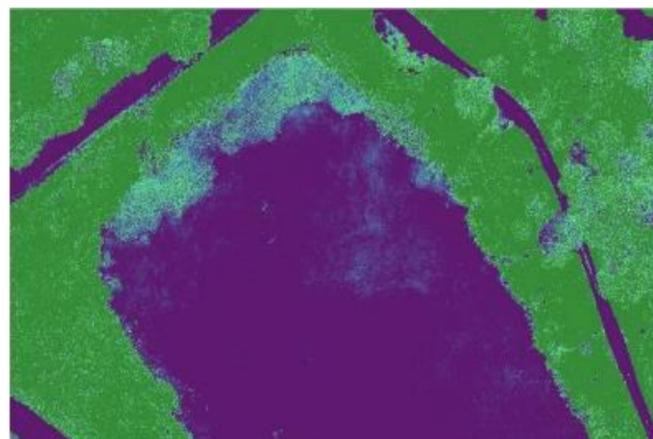
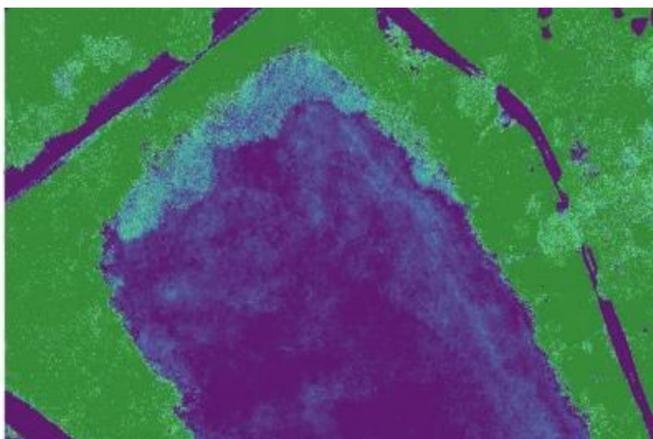
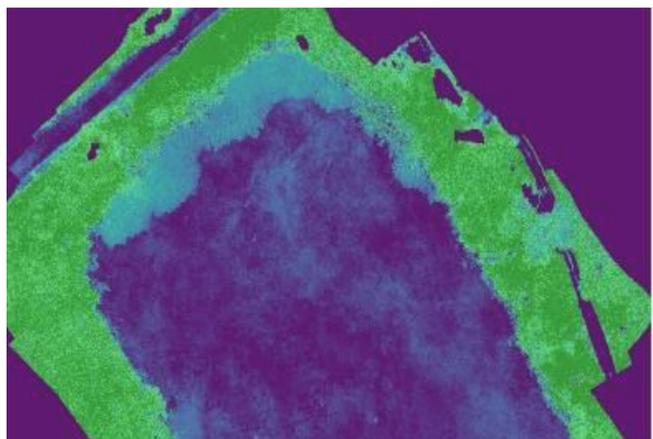
RGB



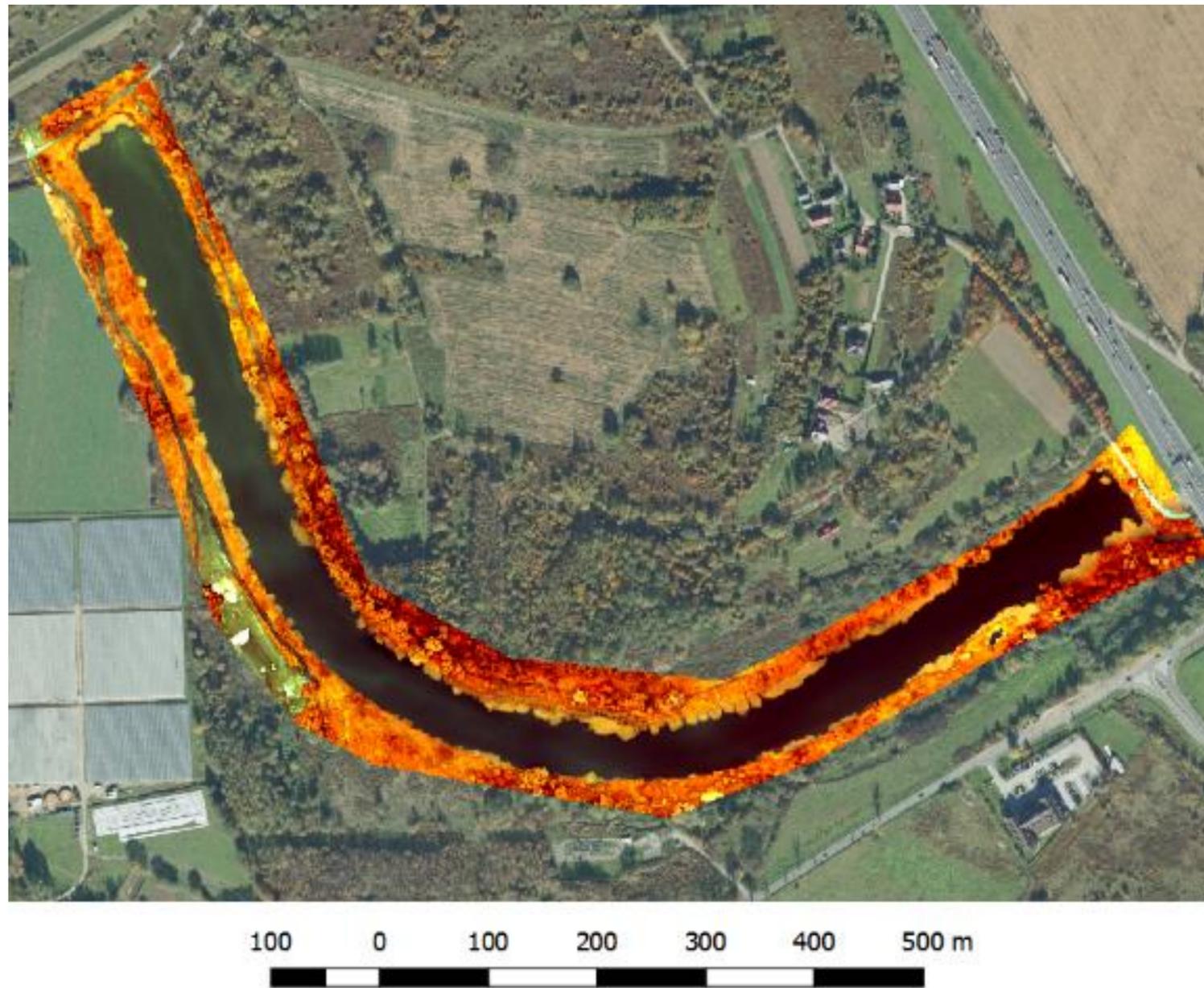
GLI



RGBVI



Results

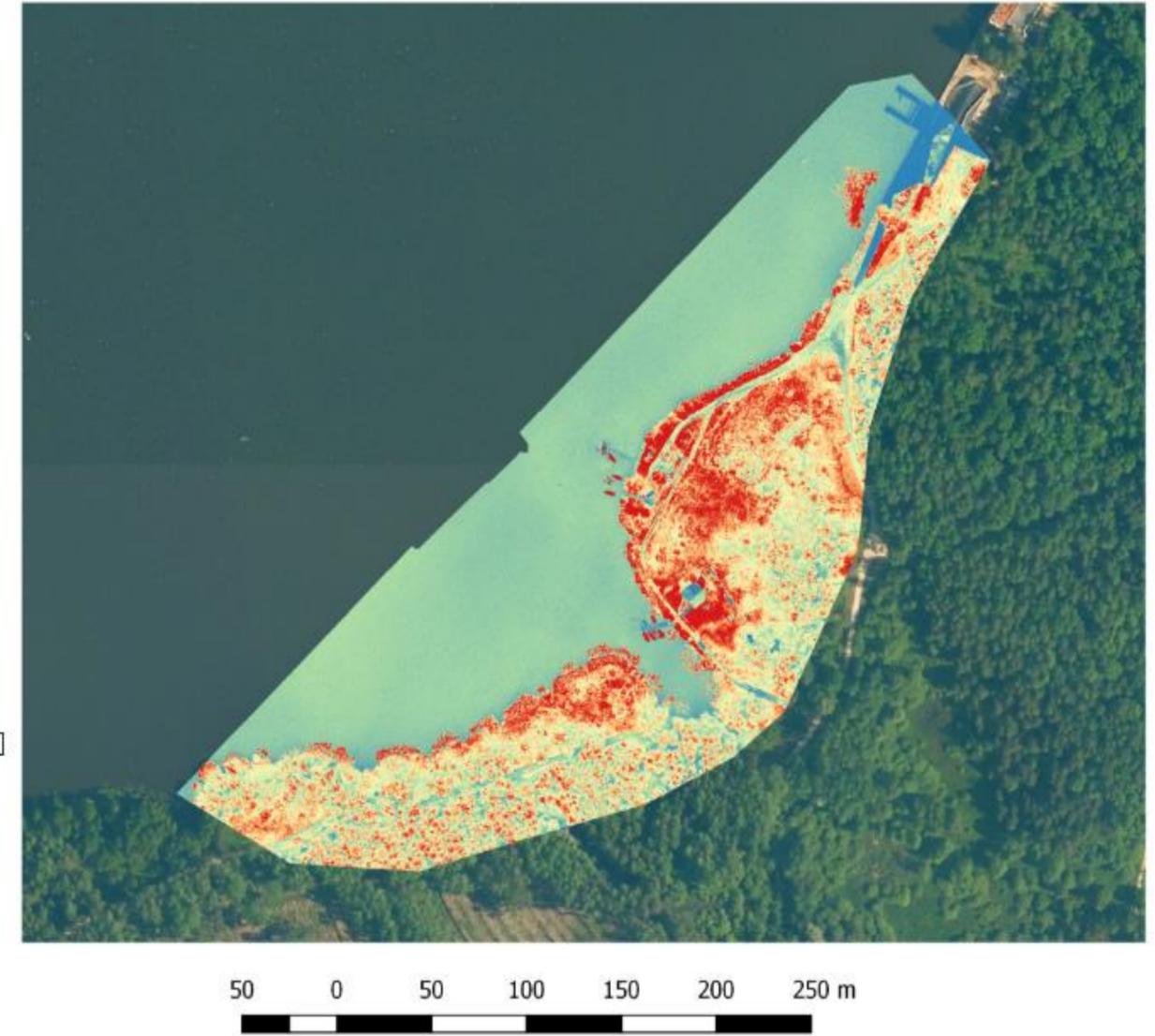


TGI - Tychy zatoka

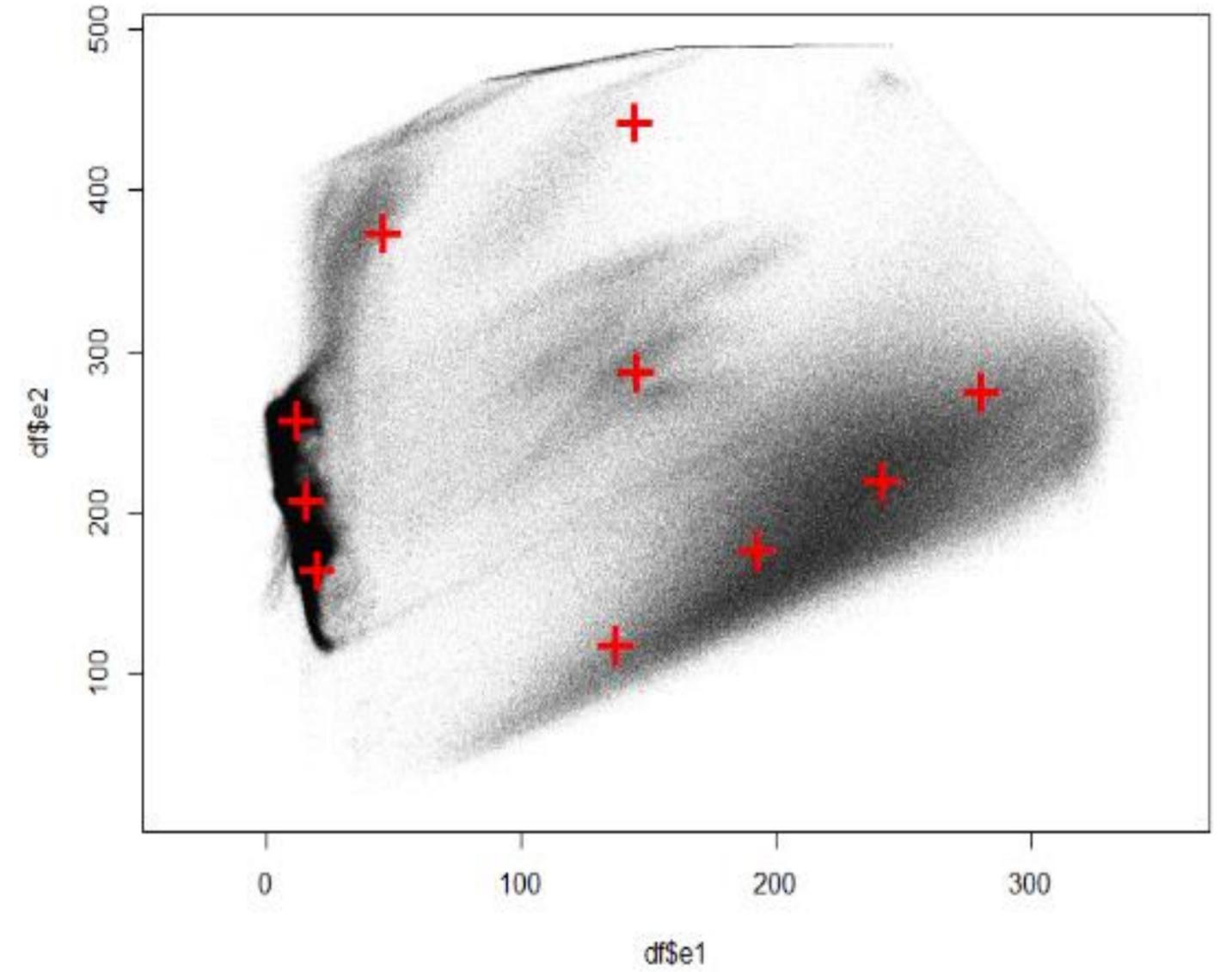
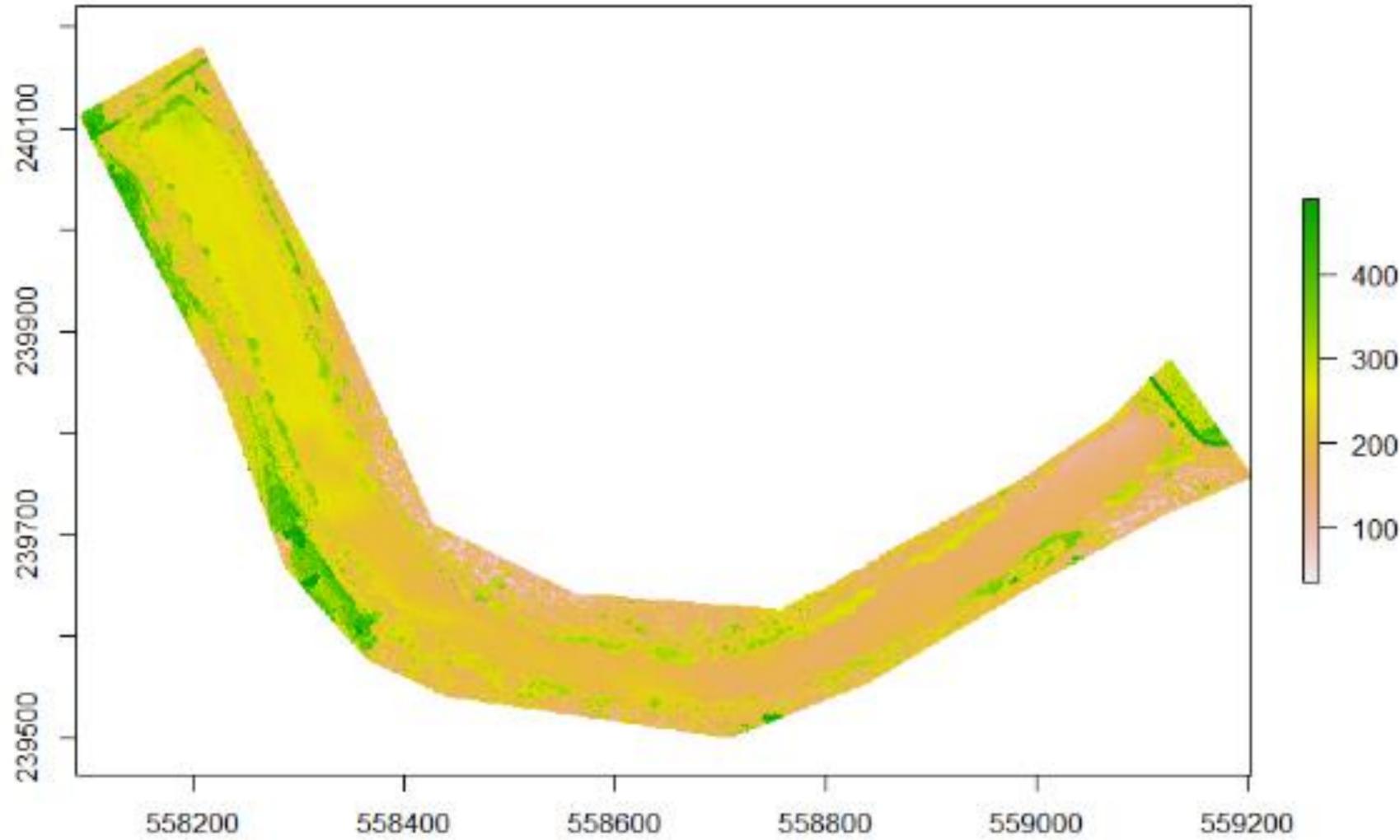
Legenda

TGI - Tychy 2 [wartość DN]

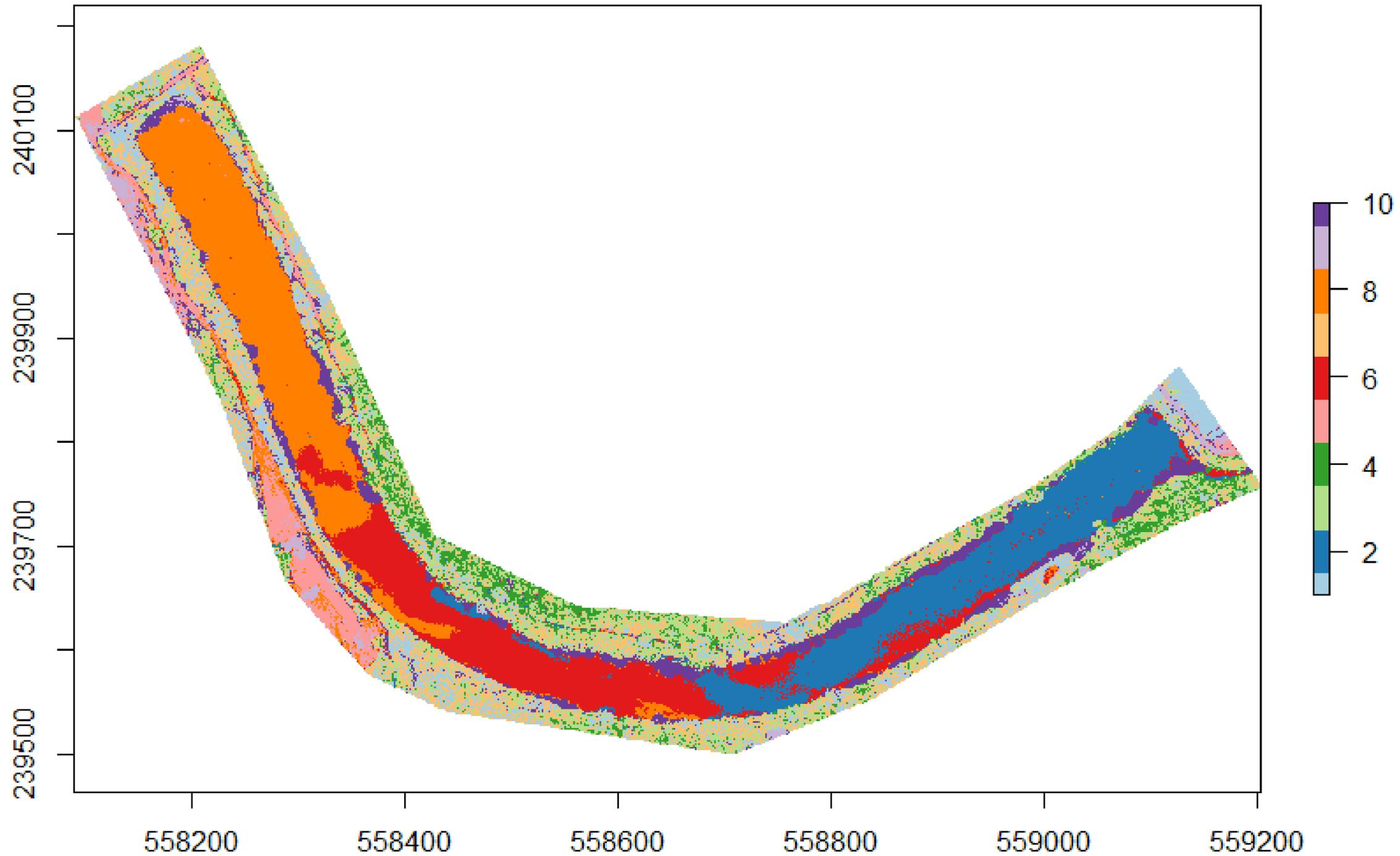
- 2000
- 30000
- 70000
- 100000
- 135000



PCA Analysis



K-means clustering



Proposed new RS index - GNCI

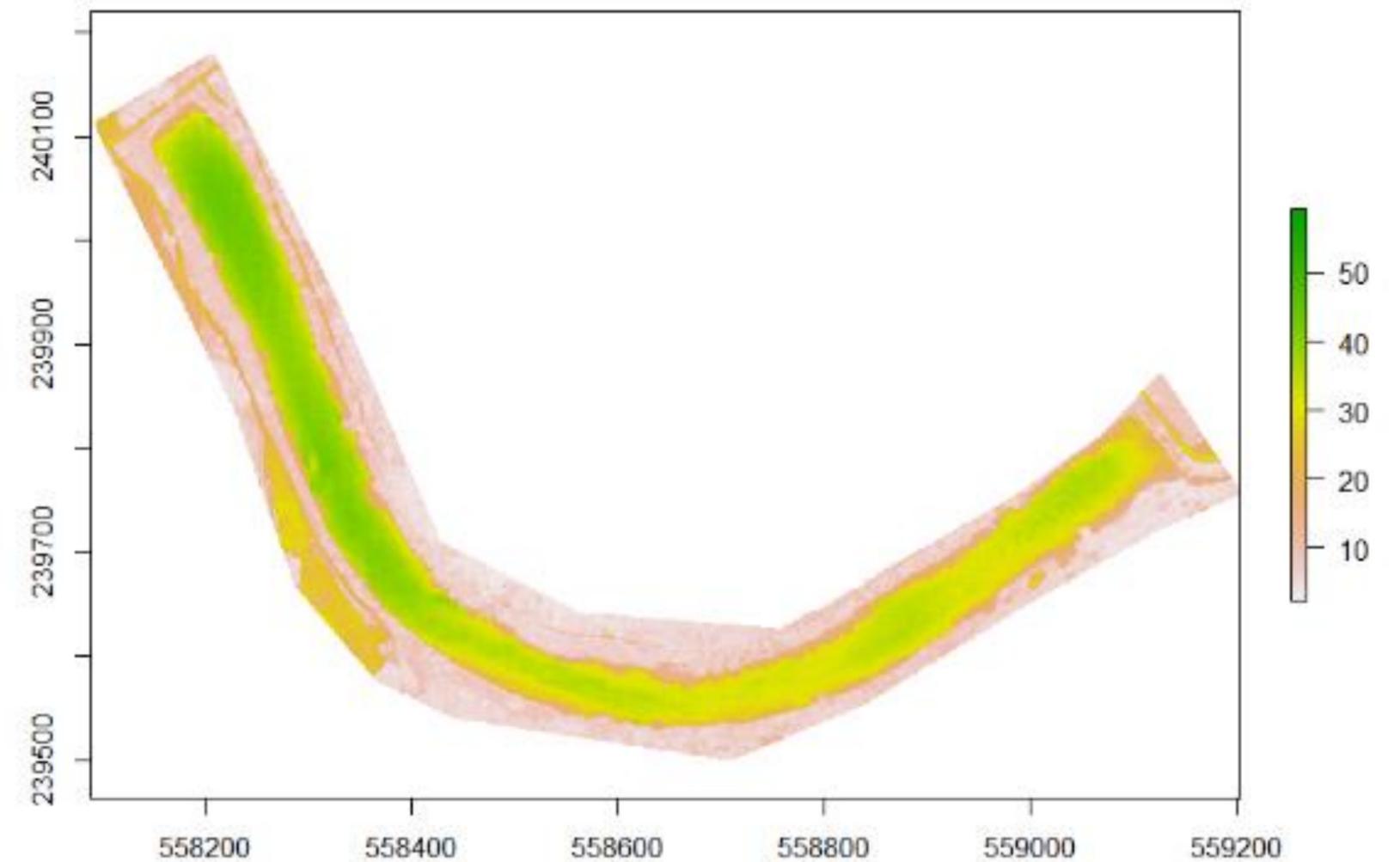
Green-NIR Cyanobacteria Index

NIR: 850 nm

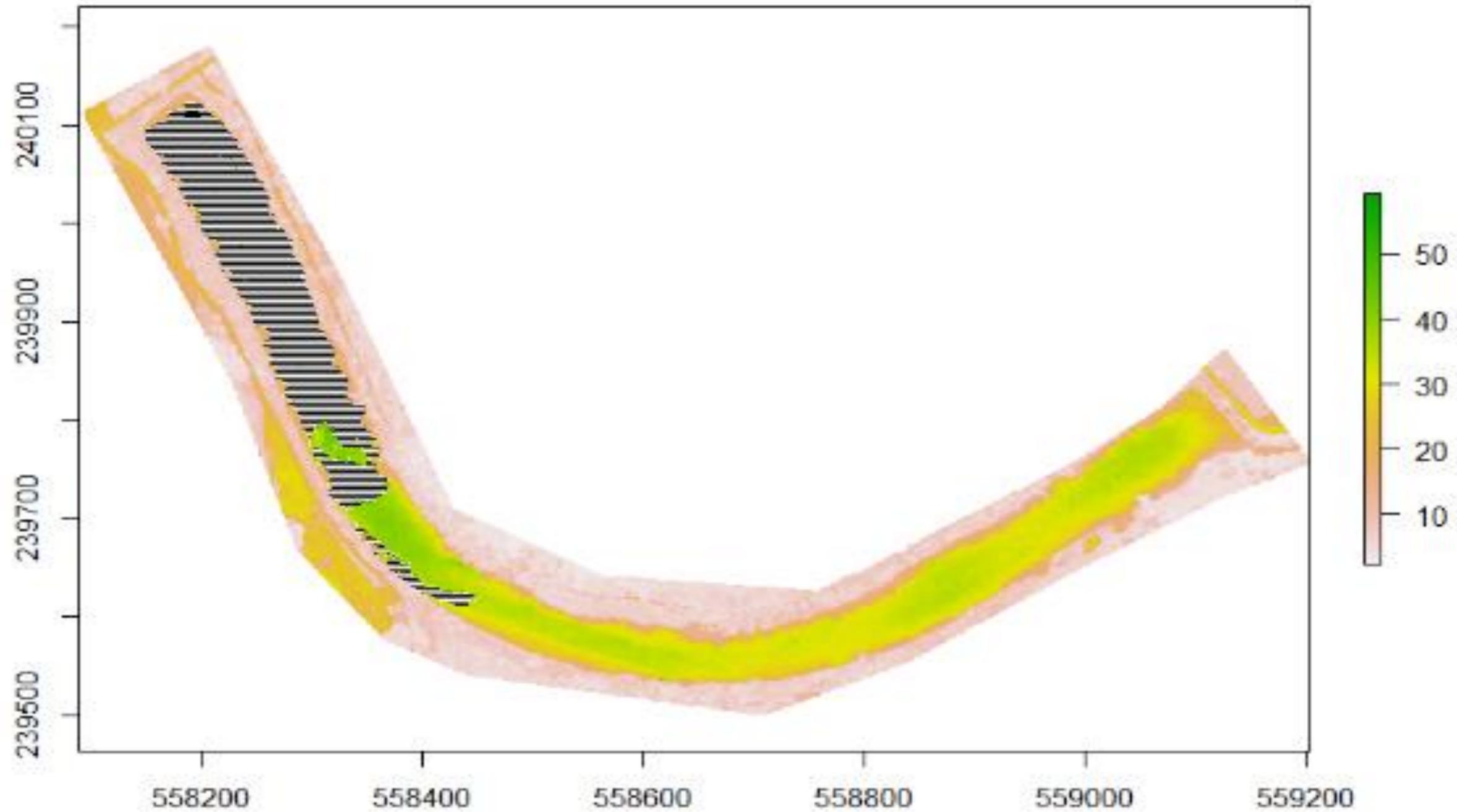
Green: 560 nm

Author: Jan Kotlarz

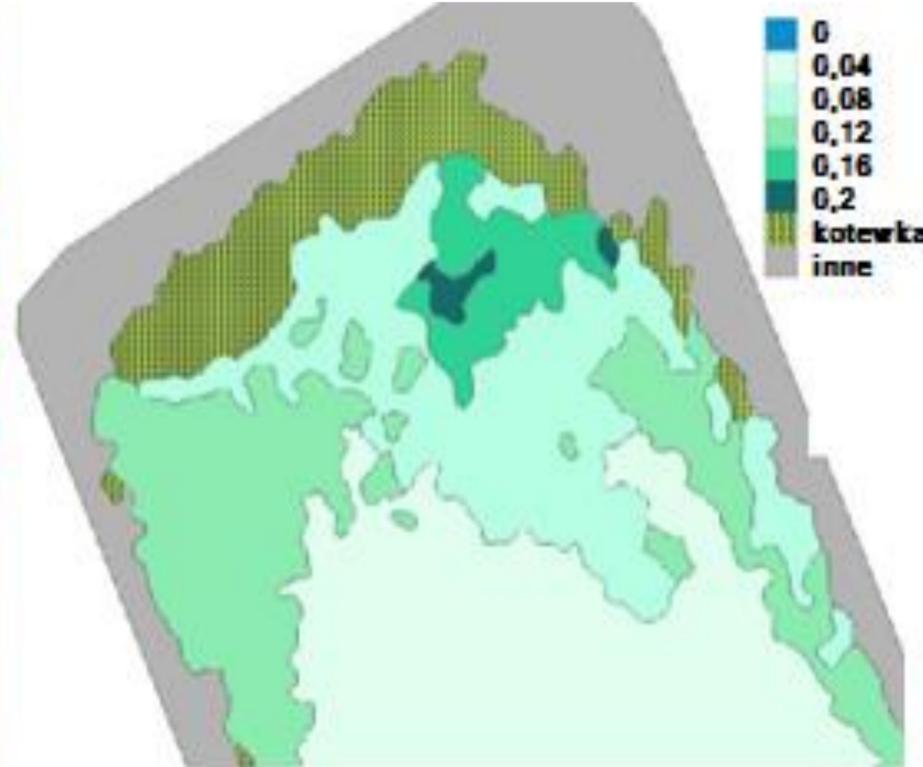
$$10^{\left(1 + \frac{\text{Green} - \text{NIR}}{\text{NIR} + \text{Green}}\right)}$$



GNCI – bloom detection



ML techniques – Random Trees – biomass amount estimation



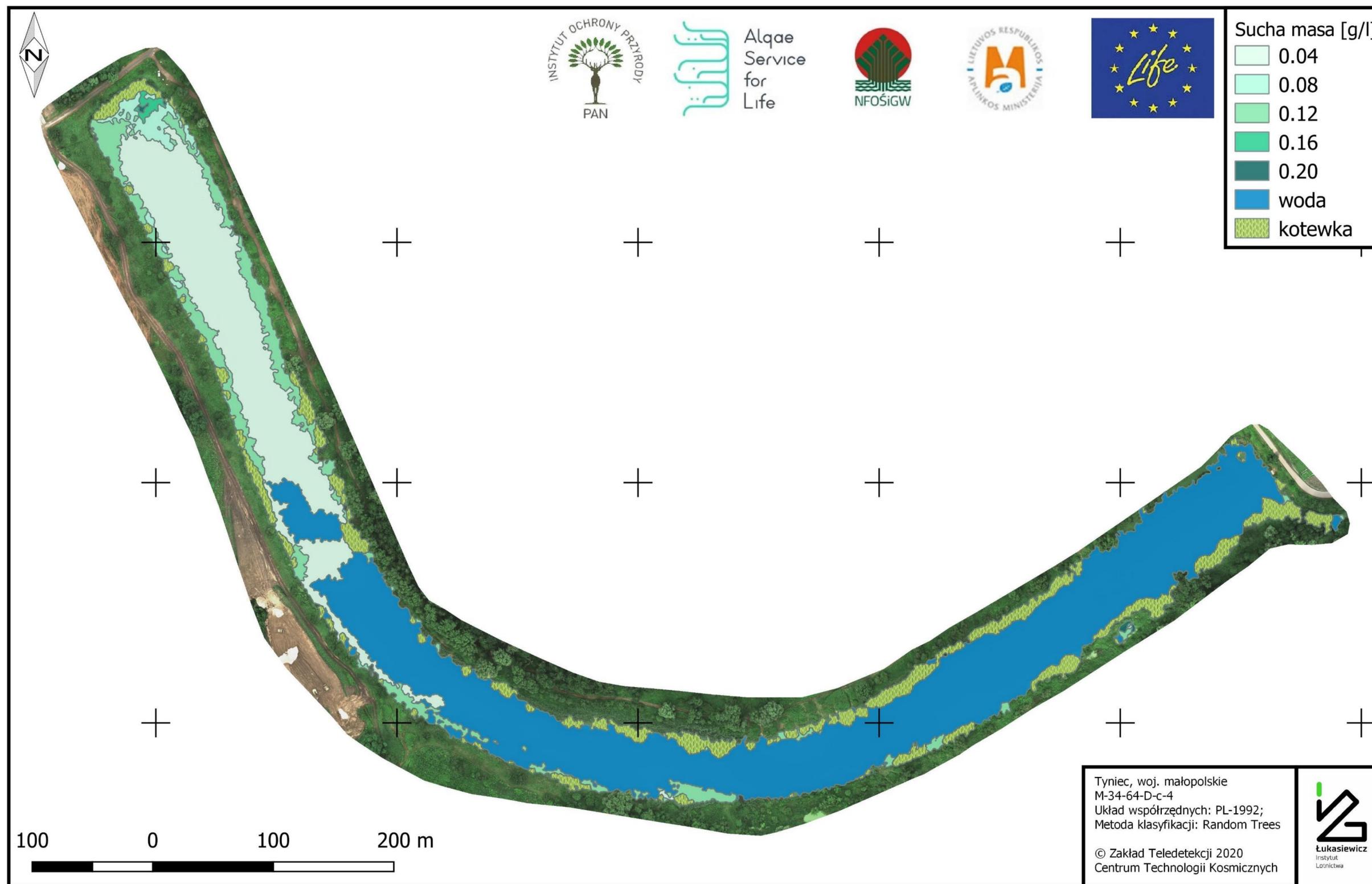
Cyanobacteria class [g/l]	Biomass amount [kg]	Area [m2]
0,04	7,13	17818,19
0,08	1,58	1313,39
0,12	15,07	7534,41
0,16	0,73	260,60
0,2	0,37	101,74
SUM	24,87	27028,34

Class	Area [m ²]	Area percentage [%]
cyanobacteria	27028,3	27%
water	61254,1	62%
water caltrop	10826,2	11%

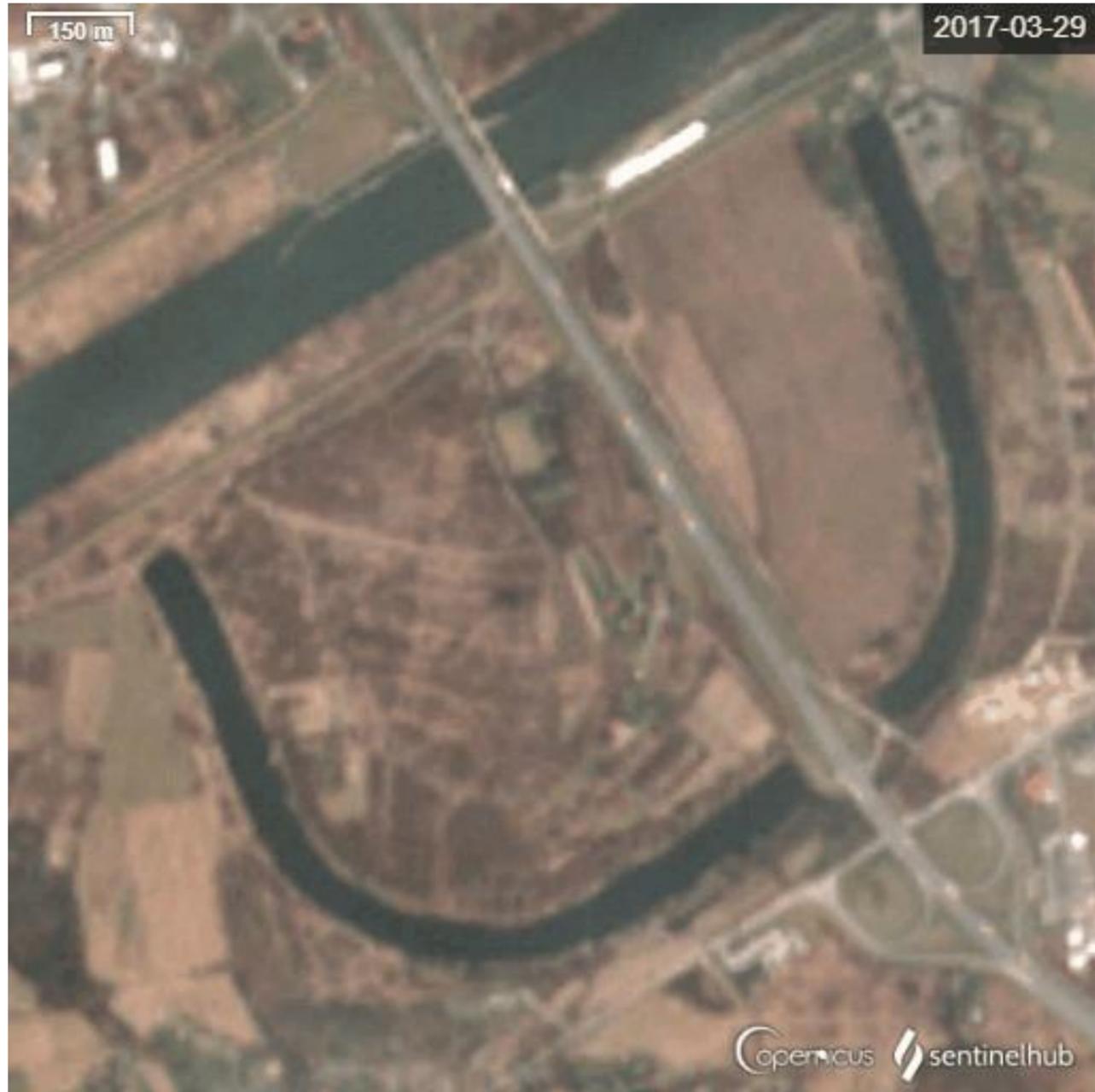
Accuracy assesment

Class	User accuracy	Algorithm accuracy
0	97.01%	94.54%
0,04	21.66%	15.66%
0,08	6.81%	64.28%
0,12	16.36%	94.73%
0,16	35.13%	72.22%
0,2	71.42%	37.03%
water caltrop	97.49%	92.77%
others	96.58%	97.14%
	Overall accuracy	93,19

Visualisation of estimated cyanobacteria dry mass amount in Tyniec with the use of Random Trees algorithm

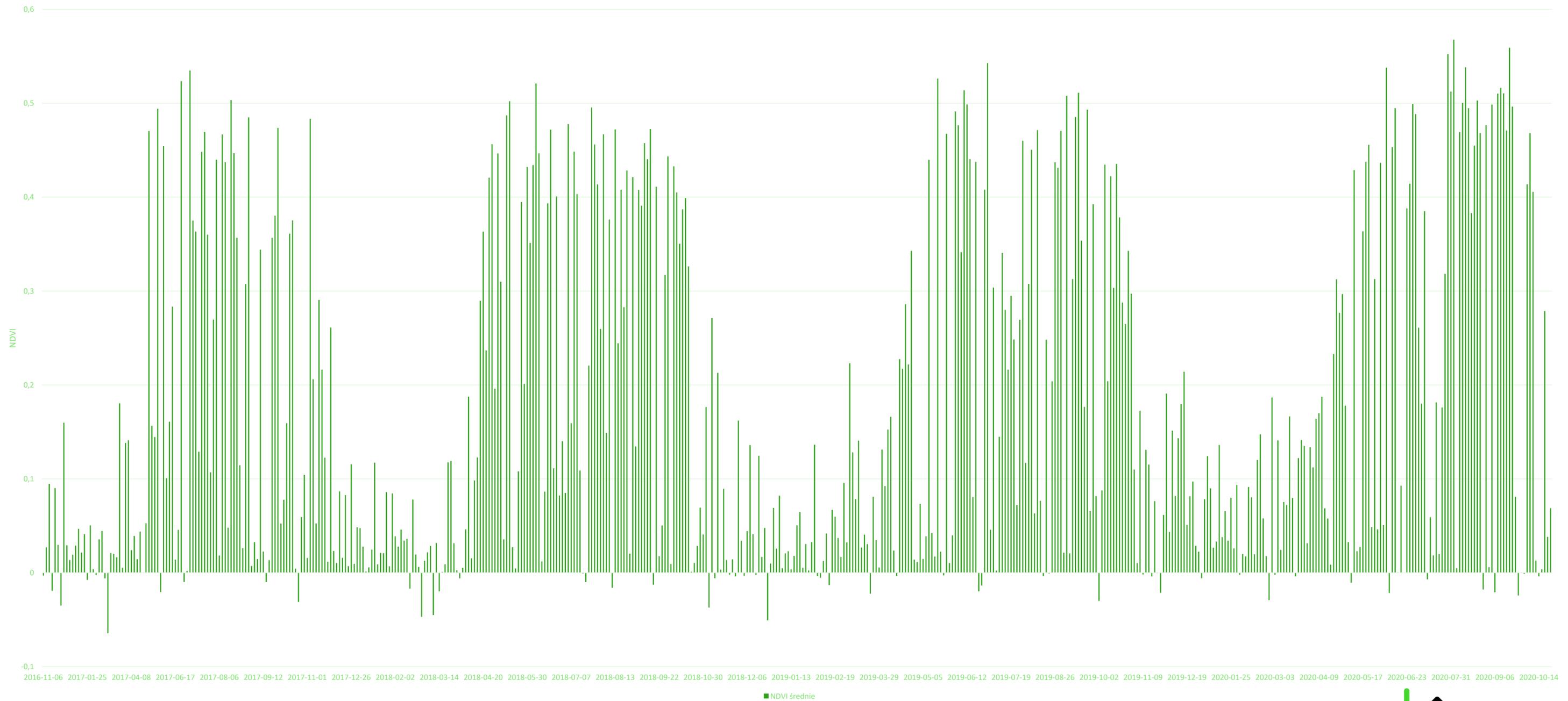


Satellite monitoring – Sentinel-2

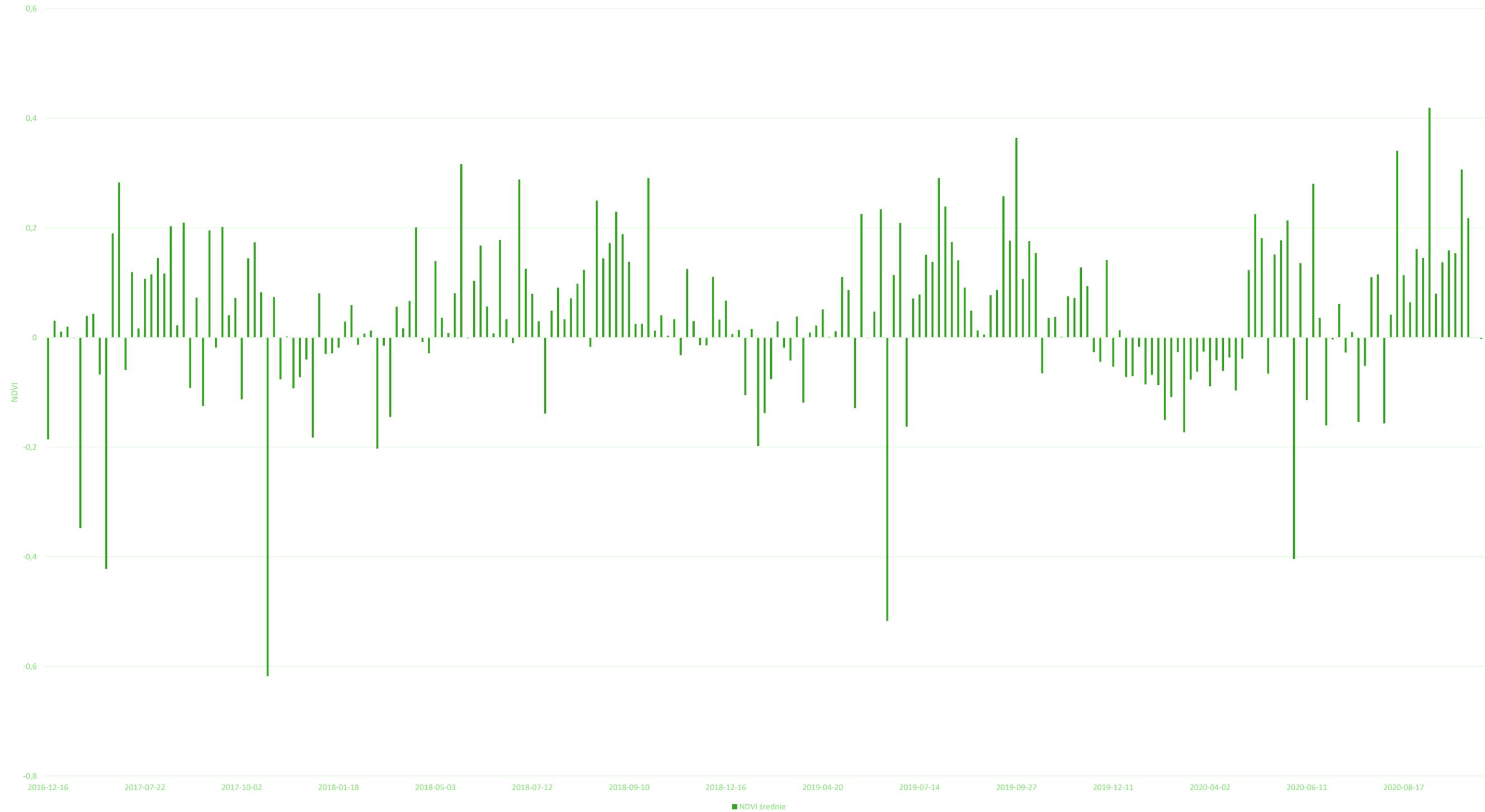


NDVI analysis (XI 2016-X 2020)

NDVI TYNIEC

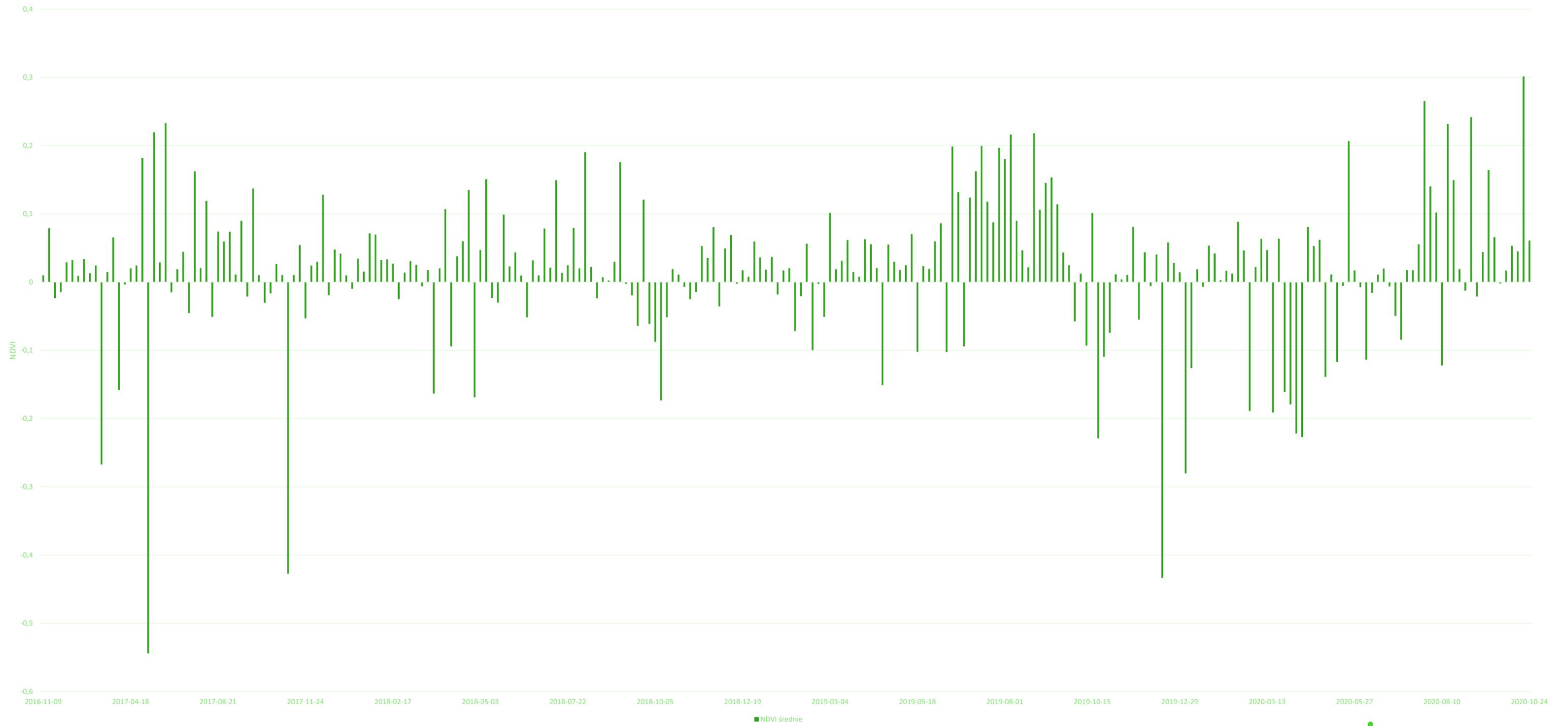


NDVI PODKAMYCZE



Correlation with chlorophyll-a measurement - 0,477

NDVI TYCHY



No historical chlorophyll-a measurement



Summary

Usefulness

The study conducted within cooperation with IOP PAN confirmed the usefulness of using ground-based spectral data, aerial imagery and satellite imagery for remote sensing monitoring of cyanobacterial blooms.

Data Fusion

The best results are obtained by combining remote sensing methods based on data from three levels (ground, air and satellite). This gives the most complete information about the area. Such system should consist of: satellite imagery (assessment of blooms), meteo conditions (conditions for the development of cyanobacteria), aerial imagery (precise estimation of the amount of dry mass and absolute parameters), confirmed by field research (spectra signatures, samples).

Next steps?

**Thank you very much for
your attention!**





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